## IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please replace the paragraphs beginning at page 7, lines 17, 18 and 22 with the following rewritten paragraphs:

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Fig. 1A is an exploded view of interconnected upper and lower perimeter framing members attached to panels 54a and 54b of the first embodiment viewed from in front of the wall panels, with a portion of the upper perimeter framing member being cutaway to reveal the drainage holes and capillary break;

Fig. 1B is an exploded view of the lower perimeter framing member 58b of the first embodiment;

Please replace the paragraphs beginning at page 8, lines 2, 4, 16 and 19 with the following rewritten paragraphs:

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Fig. 1C is an exploded view of interconnected upper and lower perimeter framing members

66b and 58d of the first embodiment;

Fig. 1D is an exploded view of the upper perimeter framing member 66d of the first embodiment;

Fig. 6A depicts a number of adjoining wall panels sealed by a third embodiment of a wall panel mounting according to a second aspect of the present invention;

B

Fig. 6B is an exploded view of interconnected lower perimeter framing members of adjoining wall panels of the third embodiment viewed from in front of the wall panels, with the upper perimeter framing member being cutaway to reveal the flexible sheet interlock;

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 9, line 13 with the following rewritten paragraph:

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Figs. 12-13 depict a third method for installing the flexible sheet interlock which uses a shelf or lip on the perimeter framing member to protect the edges of the flexible sheet interlock;

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 11, line 14 with the following rewritten paragraph:

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Referring to Figs. 1A, 2 and 3, the upper and lower perimeter framing members 66 and 58 define a recess 82. The capillary break 74 extends downwardly from the upper perimeter framing member 66 to divide the recess 82 into a circulating chamber 86 and an inlet 90. The capillary break 74 is located nearer the wall panel 54 than the drainage holes 78 to block or impede the flow of droplets 94 entrained in the airstream 98 into the drainage holes 78.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 14, line 17 with the following rewritten paragraph:

Fig. 4 depicts a second embodiment of a wall panel mounting assembly according to the first aspect of the present invention. In the second embodiment, the drainage holes 150 are located on a substantially vertical surface 154 of the lower perimeter framing member 158. Because a vertically oriented drainage hole is more susceptible to the entry of fluids than the horizontally oriented drainage hole of Fig. 2, the preferred minimum distance "D<sub>H</sub>" from the rear surface 162 of the capillary break 168 for the second embodiment is greater than the preferred minimum distance "D<sub>H</sub>" from the rear surface for the first embodiment. More preferably, the drainage hole 150 is located at least about 0.75 inches from the rear surface 162 of the capillary break. The center of the



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drainage hole 150 is located above the free end 124 of the capillary break 168 and more preferably the entire drainage hole 150 is located above the free end 124 of the capillary break 168.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 15, lines 7 and 19 with the following rewritten paragraph:

Fig. 6A depicts a third embodiment of a wall panel attachment system according to a second aspect of the present invention. The system uses a flexible sheet interlock to seal adjacent perimeter framing members. At the joint between the upper perimeter framing members 66a,b of adjacent wall panels 54a,b, a flexible sheet interlock 250 inhibits fluid migration along the joint defined by the adjacent ends 254a,b of the adjacent gutters of the perimeter framing members 66a,b. The flexible sheet interlock 250 realizes this result by retaining fluids in the adjacent gutters 83a,b. Accordingly, the interface between the flexible sheet interlock 250 and the gutter walls is substantially impervious to fluid migration. As can be seen from Fig. 6B, the flexible sheet interlock has sufficient flexibility to conform to the "U"-shaped contour of the gutter.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 16, line 1 with the following rewritten paragraph:

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Referring to Figs. 6A and 7, the interface 260 can include an adhesive 264 between the flexible sheet interlock 250 and each of the three gutter walls 268a,b,c to retain the interlock 250 in position. Although the flexible sheet interlock 250 itself may possess adhesive properties, an adhesive, preferably having sealing properties, has been found to assist the formation and maintenance of an integral seal between the interlock 250 and the gutter walls 268. The most preferred adhesive is a high performance compressed joint sealant that can "set up" or harden and